FOREWORD

This report presents the results of Cambodia Inter-Censal Population Survey, 2013 (CIPS, 2013) that was carried out in March 2013 on a *de facto* basis by the National Institute of Statistics. It is a nationally representative sample survey of 955 Primary Sampling Units and 28,650 households. This survey was taken between two censuses, the 2008 census and the proposed 2018 census, in order to update information on population size and growth, educational attainment, labour and employment, fertility, mortality, migration, disabled population, and other population characteristics as well as household facilities and amenities. The main objective of the CIPS 2013 was to provide demographic and socio-economic data, necessary for policy making, planning, monitoring and evaluation at national and sub-national levels. It was also intended to provide statistical information that would be useful to measure progress towards achieving the national objectives and targets of the various plans and programmes. This survey has been designed to estimate most of the indicators disaggregated by sex, for Total, Urban and Rural areas at the national level and in the case of each province for total areas only. The tables, figures and text are related to the most important indicators consistent with the objectives of the survey.

More than a thousand staff members of the NIS and Provincial Planning Offices were trained for conducting the survey. Their services would be utilized to train in turn a large number of enumerators and supervisors who would be recruited for the next Census. The CIPS 2013 may therefore be called the harbinger of the next Population Census in Cambodia due in the year 2018. The National Institute of Statistics emphasizes the importance of close collaboration with international development partners and national counterparts to ensure transfer of knowledge to improve analytical methodologies, and plan and organize national reports. This emphasis will facilitate the long term sustainability of demographic analysis in the country.

On behalf of the Ministry of Planning, I wish to place on record our gratitude to the United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA) for supporting the whole process of CIPS 2013 including resources and technical assistance program with emphasis on capacity development. Thanks are due to Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA) for providing technical assistance for mapping villages and Enumeration Areas (EAs), and for participating in analysis and dissemination of the results.

I appreciate the hard work put in by the staff of the NIS under the guidance and supervision of H.E Mrs. Hang Lina, Director General, NIS and the Provincial Planning Offices in making the survey a success as well as in the preparation of this report. I wish to take this opportunity to thank all staff in the National Institute of Statistics as well as all survey field staff who have taken part and contributed to the success of the Cambodia Inter-Censal Population Survey, 2013. We are also thankful to technical advisers for the survey: Mr. Nott Rama Rao, Dr. Gouranga Das Varma, Mr. Gregory Martin, Mr. Fumihiko Nishi, Mr. Akihiko Ito, and Mr. Akihito Yamauchi.

We are pleased to present to line-ministries, international agencies, non-government organization, policy makers, programme implementers, development planners, and researchers a publication with a plethora of useful information. We hope to receive feedback and comments to improve our subsequent publications.

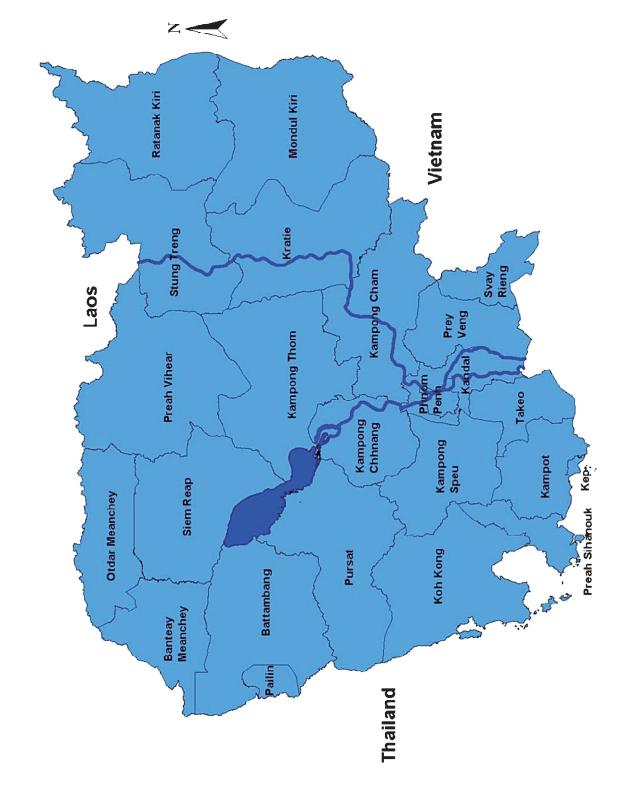
Ministry of Planning Phnom Penh February 2014

CHHAY THAN

Senior Minister,

Minister of Ministry of Planning

Cambodia - Province Map



Number of Administrative Areas		Marital Status of Persons Aged 15 and over (%) (Continued)	
Municipality Municipality	1	Widowed	5.0
Provinces	23	Divorced	1.8
Districts	159	Separated	0.2
Khans	9	Males	0.2
Cities/Krongs	26	Never Married	35.3
Communes	1,429	Married	62.5
Sangkats	204	Widowed	1.3
Villages Tatal Paralletina	14,119	Divorced	0.8
Total Population	14 (7(501	Separated	0.1
Both sexes	14,676,591	Females	27.4
Males	7,121,508	Never Married	27.4
Females	7,555,083	Married	61.3
Urban Population	2.146.212	Widowed	8.4
Both sexes	3,146,212	Divorced	2.7
Males	1,527,479	Separated	0.3
Females	1,618,734	Singulate Mean Age at Marriage (yea	rs)
Rural Population		Total	
Both sexes	11,530,378	Both sexes	25.0
Males	5,594,029	Males	26.2
Females	5,936,349	Females	23.7
Urban and Rural Composition		Urban	
Urban population	21.4	Both sexes	27.5
Rural population	78.6	Males	29.1
Population Density		Females	25.8
Total population per square km	82	Rural	
Population Growth between 2008 and 2013		Both sexes	24.2
Quinquennial growth rate	9.56	Males	25.4
Annual growth rate	1.46	Females	23.0
Households in Number		Adult Literacy Rate (Population Aged	15 +) (%)
Total households 1)	3,163,226	Total	
Normal or regular households	3,163,226	Both sexes	79.7
Average Size of Normal or Regular Households		Males	86.4
Total	4.6	Females	73.6
Urban	4.8	Urban	
Rural	4.6	Both sexes	90.3
Composition of Households by Sex of Household He	ead	Males	94.2
Male	72.9	Females	86.8
Female	27.1	Rural	
Sex Ratio (Number of males per 100 females)		Both sexes	76.5
Total	94.3	Males	84.1
Urban	94.4	Females	69.7
Rural	94.2	Educational Attainment of Literate Pop	•
Age Composition of Population		No Education	<u> </u>
0-14 years old	29.4	Both sexes	3.1
15-64 years old	65.6	Males	2.8
65 years old and over	5.0	Females	3.4
Age Dependency Ratio		Primary Not Completed	
Total	52.4	Both sexes	40.8
Urban	41.8	Males	37.5
Rural	55.6	Females	44.3
Marital Status of Persons Aged 15 and over (%)	33.0	Primary	44.3
			20.4
Both sexes	21.1	Both sexes	29.4
Never Married	31.1	Males	29.4
Married	61.9	Females	29.3

Figures at a Glance of the Results of Cambodia Inter-censal Population Survey 2013 (Continued) Educational Attainment of Literate Population Aged 7+ (%) (continued) Labour Force Status (for Persons Aged 5 +) (%) Lower Secondary Labour Force Participation Rate Both sexes 21.0 Both sexes 62.3 23.4 Males Males 63.8 Females 18.5 Females 60.9 Secondary/Diploma Proportion of Employed Persons in Total Population Both sexes 3.4 Both sexes 60.8 Males 3.9 Males 62.4 Females 2.9 59.3 Females Beyond Secondary Proportion of Unemployed Persons in Total Population Both sexes 2.3 Both sexes 1.5 Males 3.0 Males 1.4 1.7 Females 1.7 Females Proportion of Currently Attending School/Educational Institution Proportion of Not in Labour Force in Total Population Aged 5-11 Both sexes 37.7 74.2 Both sexes Males 36.2 Males 73.2 Females 39.1 Females 75.2 Labour Force Participation Rate for Aged 15-64 Aged 12-14 Both sexes 82.2 Both sexes 88.2 Males 84.5 Males 88.2 Females 80.0 Females 88.2 Unemployment Rate for Aged 15-64 Aged 15-17 Both sexes 2.3 Both sexes 61.4 Males 2.1 2.5 Males 64.1 Females Industrial Sector of Employed Persons Aged 5 + (%) Females 58.7 64.3 Aged 18-24 Primary Both sexes 21.5 Secondary 11.5 Males 25.4 Tertiary 24.2 Employment Status of Employed Persons Aged 5 + (%) Females 17.6 Aged 25 and over Employer 0.3 Both sexes 0.7 Employee 22.0 Males 1.0 Own account worker 39.5 Females 0.4 38.2 Unpaid family worker Percentage of Disabled Population Other 0.1 Percentage of Migrants by Residence Both sexes 2.1 Percentage of Disabled Population by Type of Disability Total 28.9 34.8 Urban Difficulty in Seeing 49.4 5.4 Difficulty in Speaking Rural 23.3 Percentage of Internal Migrants by Migration Stream 9.0 Difficulty in Hearing 33.4 Rural to Rural 58.4 Difficulty in Movement 24.5 Mental 12.2 Rural to Urban Mental Retardation Urban to Rural 5.1 5.2 Mental Illness 7.0 Urban to Urban 12.0 Any Other 3.5 Multiple Disabilities 1.6

arcentage of Ruildings by Material for D	oof and Wall	Households by Main Type of Fuel for Cooking (%)	
ercentage of Buildings by Material for Roof and Wall				
Permanent Total	73.6	Charcoal	77.9	
Urban	93.0	Kerosene	0.1	
		Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG)	12.1	
Rural 68.9 Semi-Permanent		Others	12.1	
Total	19.7	Percentage Accessibility to Internet Facility		
Urban	5.3	No Access	94.5	
Rural	23.2	Accessed at Home	2.6	
	23.2	Accessed at Home Accessed Outside Home		
Temporary Total	6.7	Accessed outside Home Accessed at Home and Outside Home		
Urban	1.7	Total Fertility Rate per 1,000 Live Births	1.6	
Rural	7.9	Total Total	2.8	
ercentage of Households by Source of D		Urban	2.0	
Piped Water	19.8	Rural	3.1	
Tube/Pipe Well	29.5	Infant Mortality Rate per 1,000 Live Births		
Protected Dug Well	6.2	Total		
Unprotected Dug Well	14.3	Urban	31	
Rain	1.4	Rural	38	
Spring, River, etc.	18.7	Under 5 Mortality Rate per 1,000 Live Births		
Bought	8.6	Total		
Other	1.4	Urban	53 15	
ouseholds Using Electricity as Main Source of Light (%)		Rural	60	
Total	48.0	Life Expectancy at Birth		
Urban	94.0	Total	68.9	
Rural	36.0	Urban	76.8	
Iouseholds Having Toilet Facility within Premises (%)		Rural	67.6	
Total	48.7	250202	07.0	
Urban	87.5			
Rural	38.5			

Note:

The six district of Kampong Cham province was divided and became new province called Tboung Khmum Province as 25th province in Cambodia which is located east side from the Mekong river on December 2013. The capital city of the province is Krong Suong (Suong City). However CIPS 2013 was surveyed as Kampong Cham province, because the survey was conducted on March 3-6, 2013.

List of Abbreviations and Acronyms

ALR Adult Literacy Rate

ASEAN Association of South-East Asian Nations

CAMInfo Cambodia Information

CDHS Cambodia Demographic and Health Survey

CEB Children Ever Born

CIPS Cambodia Inter-Censal Population Survey CMDGs Cambodia Millennium Development Goals

CWR Child Woman Ratio
CS Children Surviving

CSPro Census and Survey Processing System

DEVInfo Development Information
DDG Deputy Director General, NIS

DG Director General, NIS DUSC Data Users Service Center

EA Enumeration Area

GIS Geographic Information System

GLR General Literacy Rate

ICPS Inter-Censal Population Survey

IMR Infant Mortality Rate

JICA Japan International Cooperation Agency

MDGs Millennium Development Goals

MMR Maternal Mortality Ratio MOP Ministry of Planning

NCCNational Census CommitteeNGONon-governmental organizationNISNational Institute of Statistics

NSDP National Strategic Development Plan

PCO Provincial Census Officer
PES Post Enumeration Survey

POPMAP Population Map
OA Ouality Assurance

REDATAM Retrieval of Data for Small Areas by Microcomputer

RGC Royal Government of Cambodia

RS Rectangular Strategy
TFR Total Fertility Rate
UN United Nations

UN Census Info
UNDP
United Nations Census Information
UNDP
United Nations Development Program
UNFPA
United Nations Population Fund
UNTAC
United Nations Transitional Authority

WB World Bank

WHO World Health Organization
WinR+ Redatam Plus for Windows