Table 2.14 Distribution of Households by Availability of Better Amenities: Urban/Rural and Provinces, 1998 and 2008

						Percentage								
			1998					2008]	Difference { (2008) - (1998)	:008) - (1998)]	
Regeon	Total	Improved	with Toilet	Electricity ³⁾	Combined ⁴⁾	Total	Improved	with Toilet	Electricity ³⁾	Combined ⁴⁾	Improved	with Toilet	Electricity ³⁾	Combined ⁴⁾
	Households ¹⁾ Water Source ²⁾	Nater Source ²⁾	Facility		Amenities	Households ¹⁾	Water Source ²⁾	Facility	.	Amenities	Water Source ²⁾	Facility		Amenities
Cambodia Total	2.162.086	20.7	14.5	15.1	8.0			32.8	24.7	17.4		18.4	96	9.4
Urban	364,581	39.3	56.1	62.8	42.9			80.8	85.2	72.5		24.7	22.3	29.6
Rural	1,797,505	17.0	0.9	5.4	0.0	2,311,058	40.5	22.3	11.4	5.3	23.5	16.3	0.9	4.4
Province														
Bantey Meanchey	110,994	12.5	10.4	12.1	4.5			34.6	28.2	17.8		24.2	16.1	13.3
Battambang	146,661	11.9	19.9	13.9	7.0			42.8	23.1	14.4		22.9	9.2	7.4
Kampong Cham	311,151	13.3	9.6	11.7	2.4	368,114	38.5	24.9	16.3	8.3	25.1	15.2	4.6	5.9
Kampong Chhnang	81,201	18.2	0.9	0.9	1.8			17.8	10.8	6.7		11.8	4.8	4.9
Kampong Speu	114,959	18.9	3.9	4.0	1.4			17.2	10.0	5.5		13.3	6.1	4.1
Kampong Thom	105,583	3.2	13.1	8.9	1.3			26.5	11.1	5.2		13.4	4.3	3.9
Kampot	104,498	7.3	8.0	8.9	3.1			25.6	11.6	7.2		17.6	4.8	4.2
Kandal	203,357	16.9	12.3	12.8	4.4			45.1	34.0	19.5		32.8	21.1	15.1
Koh Kong	21,401	3.4	16.2	41.6	9.7			34.5	43.4	26.6		18.3	1.8	17.0
Kratie	48,761	20.3	13.4	13.5	4.8			24.0	13.1	8.6		10.5	-0.4	3.8
Mondul Kiri	5,615	1.5	11.4	9.8	2.2			16.2	20.5	9.7		4.8	11.9	7.5
Phnom Penh	167,758	50.5	74.9	80.1	66.2			90.3	92.9	86.2		15.4	12.8	20.0
Preah Vihear	21,007	17.1	4.9	3.6	1.0			10.1	9.5	5.3		5.2	5.9	4.3
Prey Veng	192,735	53.8	4.3	3.9	1.7			15.6	7.0	4.0		11.4	3.1	2.3
Pursat	67,022	6.4	8.5	6.7	3.7			16.6	15.4	7.1		8.1	2.7	3.5
Ratanak Kiri	16,646	3.6	9.2	14.9	1.6			18.0	17.1	12.3		8.8	2.2	10.7
Siemreap	125,387	12.8	9.9	9.5	3.4			26.5	21.5	16.7		19.9	12.1	13.3
Preah Sihanouk	30,075	10.5	23.2	39.3	10.3			48.6	54.2	36.5		25.4	14.9	26.1
Stung Treng	14,126	15.8	13.8	14.1	6.1			31.6	18.5	10.9		17.8	4.4	4.9
Svay Rieng	94,796	47.9	8.2	4.7	1.6			20.4	11.1	7.9		12.2	6.3	6.3
Takeo	153,863	10.9	4.3	4.5	1.2			22.9	10.9	5.0		18.6	6.4	3.8
Oddar Meanchey	12,208	2.5	2.0	2.6	9.0			20.4	15.5	8.5		18.4	12.8	7.9
Kep	5,282	12.2	3.3	9.1	0.4			24.0	16.6	5.2		20.6	7.5	4.8
Pailin	4,000	3.3	19.8	23.2	5.6			37.8	39.8	22.9		18.1	16.7	17.3
Maximum		53.8	74.9	80.1	66.2		93.1	90.3	92.9	86.2		32.8	21.1	26.1
Median		12.4	9.4	9.6	2.8		38.1	24.4	16.5	8.5		16.5	6.2	6.1
Minimum		1.5	2.0	2.6	0.4		20.9	10.1	7.0	4.0		4.8	-0.4	2.3

Note: 1) Excludes Institutional Homeless Boat and Transient Households.

2) 'Improved Water Source' consists of Piped Water, Tube Pipe Well, Protected Dug Well and Rain.

3) 'Electricity' consists of 'City Power', 'Generator', 'City Power and Generator'

4) 'Combined Amenities' represents the households with 'Improved Water Souece', 'Toilet Facility' and 'Electricty'.

Table 2.15. The Percentage differences of Households Having Better Amenities in Districts: Provinces, 2008

		Improved Water Source ¹⁾			with Toilet Facility			Electricity ²⁾		
			tage of Hous		Percer	ntage of Hous	eholds	Percer	naget of Hous	seholds
Province	number of District	Province Total	Greatest value of District	Least Value of District	Province Total	Greatest value of District	Least Value of District	Province Total	Greatest value of District	Least Value of District
Bantey Meanchey	9	28.1	66.6	6.6	34.6	64.5	8.5	28.2	75.3	6.0
Battambang	14	32.0	61.3	9.9	42.8	84.8	17.7	23.1	74.2	2.6
Kampong Cham	17	38.5	80.0	14.4	24.9	82.5	15.3	16.3	86.4	3.7
Kampong Chhnang	8	43.1	74.8	1.5	17.8	65.5	4.9	10.8	70.5	1.8
Kampong Speu	8	39.1	56.1	29.8	17.2	50.6	7.3	10.0	70.1	2.0
Kampong Thom	8	22.9	52.7	15.8	26.5	61.6	8.4	11.1	48.2	3.4
Kampot	8	24.1	67.3	12.5	25.6	65.6	10.0	11.6	75.6	2.0
Kandal	11	39.0	90.5	17.6	45.1	87.4	29.5	34.0	92.1	10.2
Koh Kong	7	34.6	53.4	11.6	34.5	63.6	11.3	43.4	87.6	9.9
Kratie	6	37.7	72.4	26.4	24.0	55.6	9.9	13.1	68.3	2.8
Mondul Kiri	5	43.0	66.8	19.1	16.2	54.8	2.9	20.5	58.1	6.7
Phnom Penh	8	85.0	98.3	61.5	90.3	97.5	80.6	92.9	99.6	76.9
Preah Vihear	8	46.0	63.0	29.3	10.1	43.0	1.6	9.5	43.9	2.1
Prey Veng	13	85.8	98.1	64.4	15.6	52.5	8.9	7.0	71.8	2.6
Pursat	6	23.4	38.1	3.7	16.6	43.3	9.9	15.4	50.4	7.7
Ratanak Kiri	9	35.1	64.2	9.5	18.0	60.4	1.6	17.1	69.9	4.7
Siemreap	12	52.5	92.4	17.0	26.5	65.6	5.5	21.5	67.8	2.9
Preah Sihanouk	4	49.0	65.1	31.7	48.6	78.4	19.5	54.2	93.6	19.3
Stung Treng	5	30.9	52.3	7.0	31.6	52.8	15.4	18.5	58.5	4.9
Svay Rieng	8	93.1	97.0	66.8	20.4	56.5	8.8	11.1	63.2	1.3
Takeo	10	36.2	73.1	17.6	22.9	42.6	11.7	10.9	57.7	4.3
Oddar Meanchey	5	41.7	72.1	19.5	20.4	28.2	14.9	15.5	34.9	5.7
Kep	2	20.9	25.3	18.5	24.0	27.5	25.3	16.6	39.7	8.3
Pailin	2	25.5	32.7	18.0	37.8	48.0	30.3	39.8	54.9	30.0

Note: 1) 'Improved Water Source' consists of Piped Water, Tube Pipe Well, Protected Dug Well and Rain.

2) 'Electricity' consists of 'City Power', 'Generator', 'City Power and Generator'

3) Excludes Institutional Homeless Boat and Transient Households.

Combine Amenities (%) Combined Amenities (%) Combined Amenities (%) Electricity (%) Toilet Facility (%) Improved Water Source (%) Combined Amenities (%) Combined Amenities (%) Combined Amenities (%) Improved Water Source (%) Electricity (%) Toilet Facility (%)

Figure 2.13 Correlations between 'Combined Amenities' and its Components by Provincial Data: 1998 and 2008

2.7.4 International Comparison

Figure 2.14 illustrates the condition of accessing an 'Improved Water Source' in Cambodia and ASEAN countries. The proportions of ASEAN countries are presented in the percentage of the population while the data of Cambodia is presented in the percentage of the households.

Most of the populations in ASEAN countries are available to access an 'Improved Water Source' in 2006. Malaysia, Philippines, Singapore, Thailand and Viet Nam record more than 90 percent. The households of Cambodia urban in 2008 present much higher percentage than in Cambodia total or Cambodia rural (75.8, 46.8 and 40.5 percent respectively). It is higher than Lao PDR, however, it is lower than Indonesia and Myanmar.

We can compare the condition of accessing an 'Improved Sanitation' in Cambodia and ASEAN countries by Figure 2.15. 'Improved Sanitation' data for Cambodia is represented by the percentage of 'households with Toilet Facility' and the data for the other ASEAN countries are provided in the percentage of population.

The conditions of 'Improved Sanitation' in ASEAN countries show more diversity than 'Improved Water Source'. The countries which recorded more than 90 percent are only three of Malaysia, Singapore and Thailand. Philippines and Myanmar recorded the level of 70 percent following these countries. Cambodia urban exceeds these two countries but the gap in regions of Cambodia are very big, so, Cambodia rural shows the least value.