

Implementation of consumer electronics scanner data in the New Zealand CPI

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Introduction

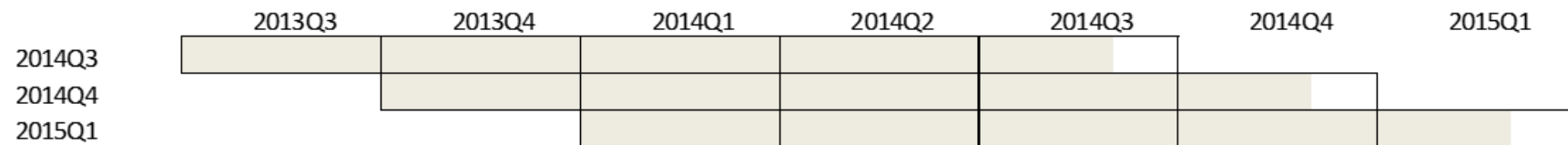
- ⊙ Consumer electronics scanner data from GfK
- ⊙ 12 product categories
- ⊙ ITRYGEKS method
- ⊙ Implemented in NZ CPI September 2014 quarter

OBS #	PERIOD	QUANTITY SOLD	TOTAL SALES	MODEL	BRAND	CF CARD	CHIPTYPE	DIGITAL INDEX
1	Mar-11	7	2277.59 *		*	NO CF CARD	CCD	DIGITAL INDEX
2	Mar-11	388	146213.38 *		*	N.A.	CCD	DIGITAL INDEX
3	Mar-11	152	67078.15 *		*	N.A.	CCD	N.A.
4	Mar-11	143	88634.93 *		*	NO CF CARD	CCD	DIGITAL INDEX
5	Mar-11	132	80531.68 *		*	NO CF CARD	CCD	DIGITAL INDEX
6	Mar-11	103	109032.06 *		*	NO CF CARD	CMOS	DIGITAL INDEX
7	Mar-11	83	27314.77 *		*	NO CF CARD	CCD	DIGITAL INDEX
8	Mar-11	58	53096.64 *		*	NO CF CARD	CMOS	DIGITAL INDEX
9	Mar-11	43	40971.79 *		*	N.A.	CMOS	N.A.
10	Apr-11	43	29163.53 *		*	NO CF CARD	CCD	N.A.
11	Apr-11	37	43785.84 *		*	NO CF CARD	CMOS	DIGITAL INDEX
12	Apr-11	29	24746.86 *		*	NO CF CARD	CMOS	N.A.
13	Apr-11	27	11563.74 *		*	NO CF CARD	CCD	DIGITAL INDEX
14	Apr-11	25	10852.06 *		*	NO CF CARD	CCD	DIGITAL INDEX
15	Apr-11	23	17257.10 *		*	NO CF CARD	CMOS	DIGITAL INDEX
16	Apr-11	17	25483.29 *		*	NO CF CARD	CMOS	DIGITAL INDEX
17	Apr-11	14	13488.18 *		*	NO CF CARD	CMOS	N.A.
18	Apr-11	13	25640.43 *		*	NO CF CARD	CMOS	N.A.
19	Apr-11	17	18819.06 *		*	NO CF CARD	CMOS	DIGITAL INDEX
20	Apr-11	16	6821.91 *		*	NO CF CARD	CMOS	N.A.
OBS #	DIGITAL INPUT	HD Formats	IMAGE STABIL.	LCD SCREEN SIZE	MEMORY CAPACITY	OPTICAL ZOOM	OUTDOOR FUNCTIO	PIXEL TOTAL
1	NO DIG. INPUT	SD	ELEC.STAB	2.7	60	32	N.A.	1.07
2	NO DIG. INPUT	SD	OPTICAL STAB.	2.7	N.A.	70	NO WATER_SHOCK	0.8
3	DIGITAL INPUT	SD	ELEC.STAB	2.7	4	60	NO WATER_SHOCK	1.07
4	NO DIG. INPUT	SD	OPTICAL STAB.	2.7	80	78	N.A.	0.8
5	DIGITAL INPUT	SD	ELEC.STAB	2.7	80	60	NO WATER_SHOCK	0.68
6	NO DIG. INPUT	HD HDD	OPTICAL STAB.	2.7	120	25	NO WATER_SHOCK	3.32
7	DIGITAL INPUT	SD	ELEC.STAB	2.7	N.A.	39	NO WATER_SHOCK	0.8
8	DIGITAL INPUT	HD MEMORY	OPTICAL STAB.	2.7	N.A.	25	N.A.	3.32
9	DIGITAL INPUT	HD MEMORY	ELEC.STAB	2.7	8	25	N.A.	2.36
10	NO DIG. INPUT	SD	ELEC.STAB	2.7	16	37	N.A.	0.8
11	DIGITAL INPUT	HD HDD	ELEC.STAB	2.7	120	25	NO WATER_SHOCK	2.36
12	NO DIG. INPUT	HD MEMORY	ELEC.STAB	3	4	10	N.A.	10
13	NO DIG. INPUT	SD	ELEC.STAB	2.7	N.A.	52	NO WATER_SHOCK	0.8
14	NO DIG. INPUT	SD	ELEC.STAB	2.7	N.A.	37	NO WATER_SHOCK	0.8
15	NO DIG. INPUT	HD MEMORY	OPTICAL STAB.	2.7	N.A.	20	NO WATER_SHOCK	3.32
16	NO DIG. INPUT	HD MEMORY	OPTICAL STAB.	3	N.A.	12	N.A.	9.15
17	NO DIG. INPUT	HD MEMORY	ELEC.STAB	2.7	32	20	N.A.	2.39
18	NO DIG. INPUT	HD MEMORY	OPTICAL STAB.	3.5	64	10	NO WATER_SHOCK	6.63
19	DIGITAL INPUT	HD HDD	OPTICAL STAB.	2.7	160	12	NO WATER_SHOCK	7.1
20	NO DIG. INPUT	HD MEMORY	ELEC.STAB	2.7	8	30	NO WATER_SHOCK	3.32

Product category	Characteristics	Products
Heat pumps	27	72
Desktop computers	56	107
Laptop computers	71	445
Tablet computers	73	148
Multi-function devices	53	102
Cellphone handsets	59	392
Digital cameras	77	228
Digital camera memory cards	10	254
Television sets	62	325
Set-top boxes for television sets	49	24
DVD, Blu-ray players, and player/recorders	50	129
Home theatre and stereo systems	62	224

Practical issues

⊙ Incomplete data in time for production



⊙ Monthly data – quarterly indexes

Methodology

- ◎ Issues with price measurement from scanner data:
 - *Product turnover (particularly high for consumer electronics)*
 - *Price/quantity volatility – chain drift*
- ◎ Full set of characteristics in GfK data so we can use the ITRYGEKS index

ITRYGEKS

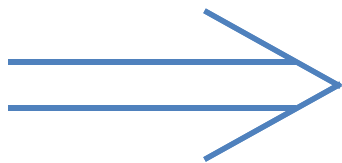
- ⊙ Imputation Törnqvist rolling year GEKS (de Haan and Krsinich, 2014)
- ⊙ Extension of RYGEKS (Ivancic, Diewert & Fox, 2011) based on bilateral time-dummy hedonic indexes (rather than superlative indexes eg Fisher, Törnqvist)
- ⊙ Rolling window, latest movement spliced on, so index is unrevisable

ITRYGEKS

◎ RYGEKS:

$$P_{RYGEKS}^{0,13} = P_{GEKS}^{0,12} \prod_{t=1}^{13} (P^{12,t} \times P^{t,13})^{1/13} = \prod_{t=0}^{12} (P^{0t} \times P^{t,12})^{1/13} \prod_{t=1}^{13} (P^{12,t} \times P^{t,13})^{1/13}$$

◎ ITRYGEKS: replace the superlative indexes P with bilateral time-dummy hedonic indexes



$$P_{ITRYGEKS}^{0t} = \prod_{i \in U^{0t}} \left(\frac{p_i^t}{p_i^0} \right)^{\frac{s_i^0 + s_i^t}{2}} \prod_{i \in U_D^{0t}} \left(\frac{\hat{p}_i^t}{p_i^0} \right)^{\frac{s_i^0}{2}} \prod_{i \in U_N^{0t}} \left(\frac{p_i^t}{\hat{p}_i^0} \right)^{\frac{s_i^t}{2}}$$

The processing system

- ⊙ User-written prototype in SAS
- ⊙ Iterative (new issues emerge)
- ⊙ Will inform and become part of a more general Prices big data system:
 - supermarket scanner data
 - online data
 - customs data
 - telecommunications bills data
 - survey data (eg rents, used cars) with hedonic index estimation
 - other as-yet unspecified 'big data'

Monitoring and analysis

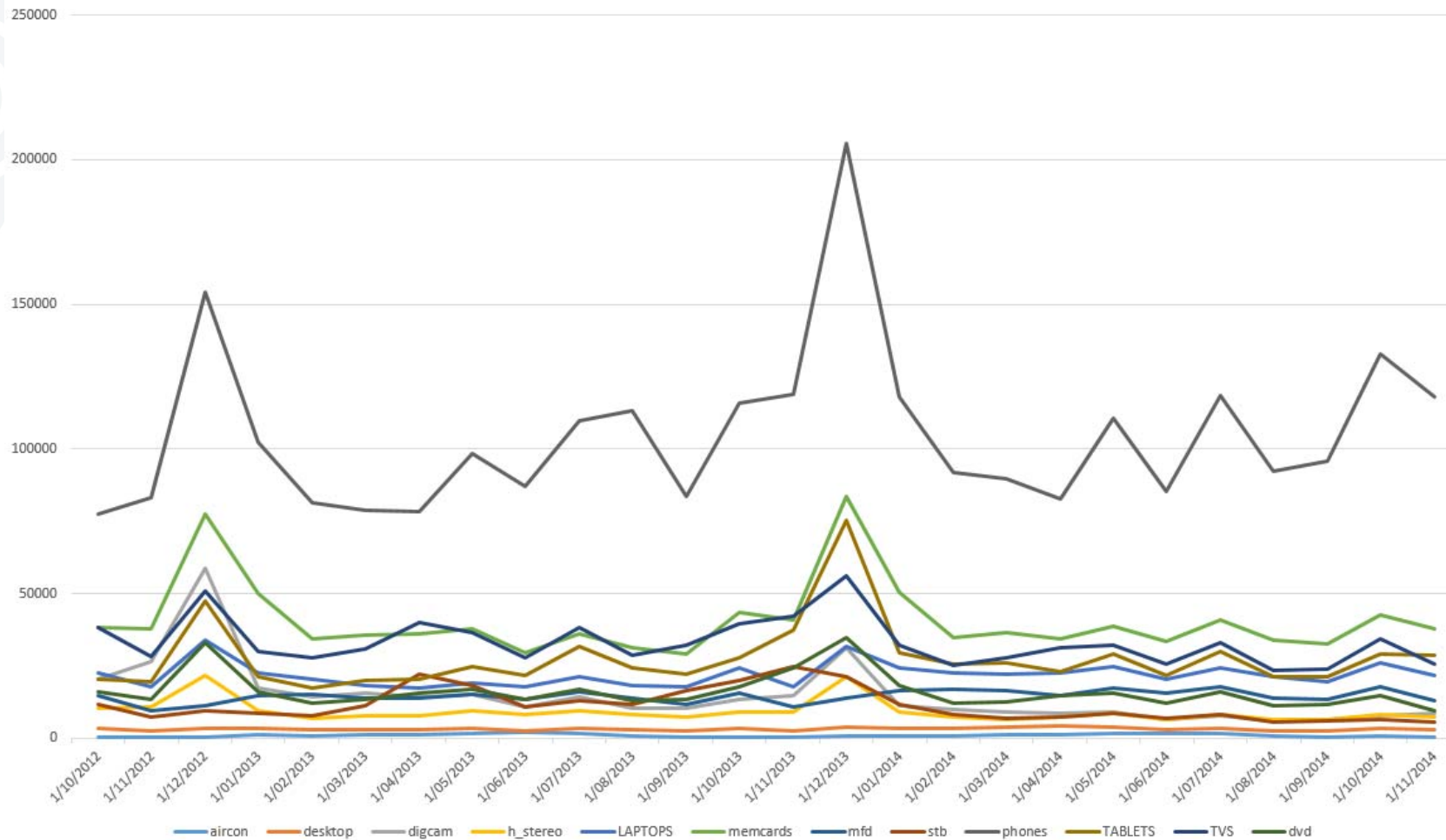
⊙ Processes include:

- Checking characteristics haven't changed
- Time series of quantities sold
- Time series of (unadjusted) average prices
- Outlier identification (movements, levels, longitudinal record)
- Distribution across key characteristics (quantities and expenditure shares)
- Monthly ITRYGEKS indexes
- Statistics on product turnover

⊙ If necessary we can:

- remove outliers and rerun (so far, this makes very little difference)
- run indexes on subsets of data (eg brands)

Quantities



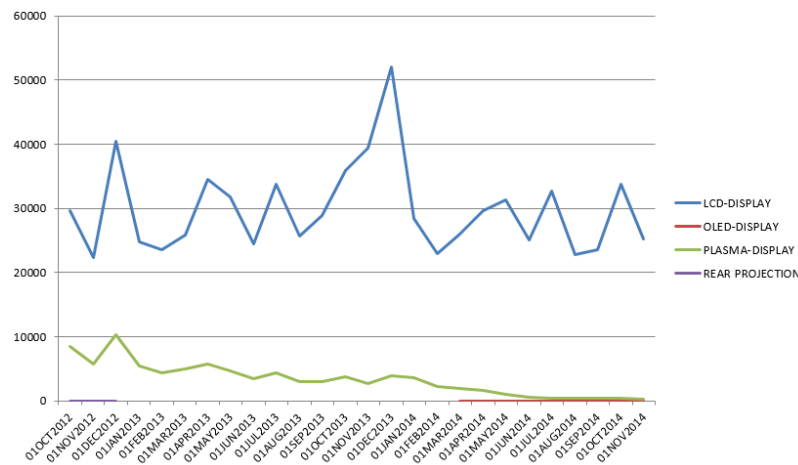
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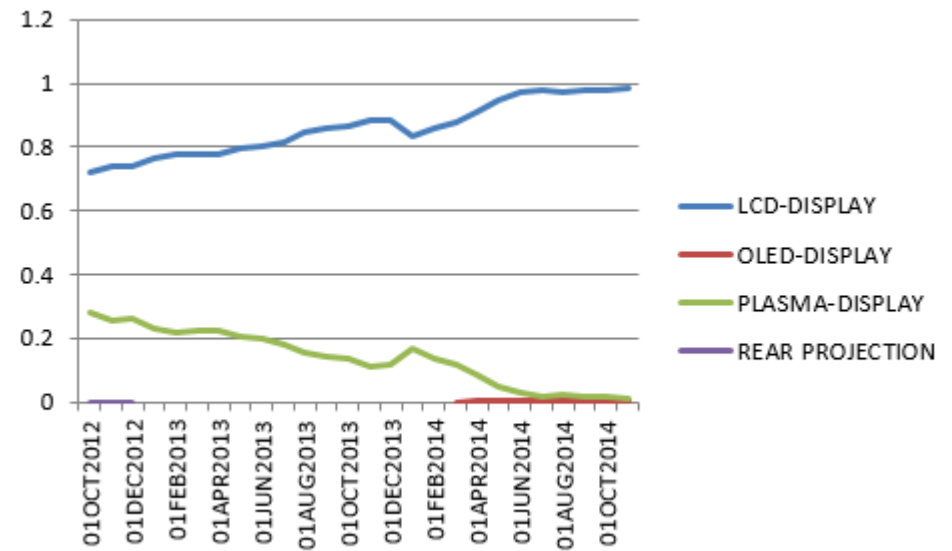
11

Distributions of characteristics

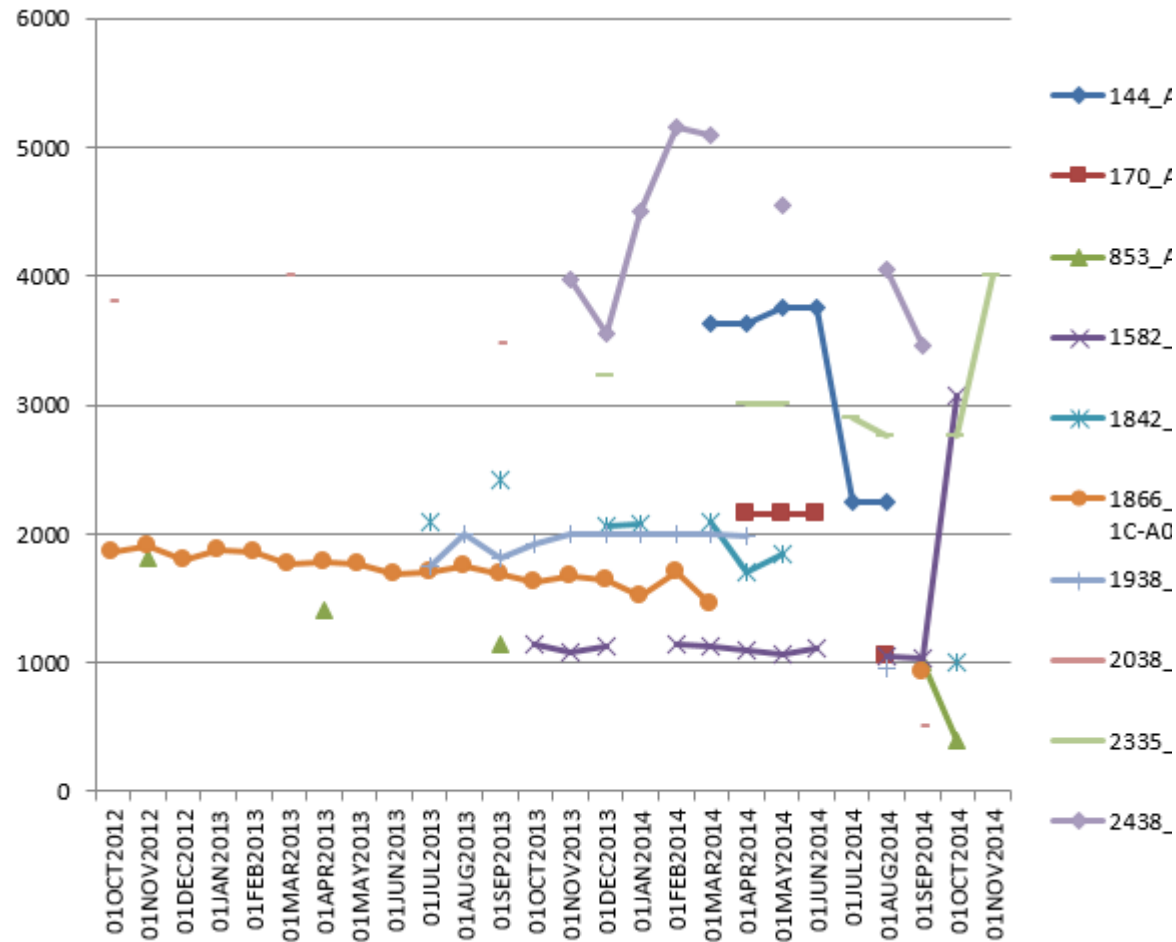
Quantities



Expenditure shares



Outliers



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13

Communicating the new development

- ◎ Variety of different forums
- ◎ Drill-down from 'plain English' to technical explanations in 'sources and methods' doc on website released with first quarter
- ◎ Price Index News (quarterly) – signaled upcoming change and linked to info afterwards
- ◎ Newsletters:
 - NZ Association of Economist newsletter '*Asymmetric Information*'
 - IASS newsletter '*Survey Statistician*'
 - SNZ 'Expert Data Users' newsletter

Conclusion

- ⊙ Consumer electronics scanner data introduced in NZ CPI September 2014
- ⊙ ITRYGEKS index
- ⊙ Iterative approach to developing processes for monitoring, analysis & estimation
- ⊙ First step of a more general Prices big-data system in Statistics New Zealand
- ⊙ Variety of communications to users