Summary of the Results **Questionnaire A (Privately Owned)**

I. Overview

According to the 2019 Economic Census for Business Frame Questionnaire A (*) (hereafter called "2019 Census Questionnaire A"), the total number of privately owned establishments in Japan is 6,398,912 (Table I-1).

* 2019 Economic Census for Business Frame consists of two types of questionnaires, Questionnaire A and Questionnaire B. Questionnaire A covers privately owned establishments and Questionnaire B covers establishments of national and local governments. The results of Questionnaire A were obtained from the results of appearance survey conducted by the enumerators from June 1, 2019 to March 31, 2020 to identify the active state of establishments and the results of Questionnaire B were the survey results as of June 1, 2019. Therefore (the number of) establishments refer(s) to (the number of) privately owned establishments in this Summary of the Results (Questionnaire A).

Table I - 1. The number of establishments

	Questionnaire A (Number of privately owned establishments)	[Reference] Questionnaire B (Number of establishments of national and local governments)	
2019 Economic Census for Business Frame	6,398,912	139,330	

In terms of the number of establishments by status of an establishment, the number of continued establishments is 5,211,394, and the proportion of continued establishments to the total number is 81.4%. On the other hand, the number of newly grasped establishments is 1,187,518, and the proportion of newly grasped establishments to the total number is 18.6%.

The number of temporarily closed establishments is 117,514 and the number of closed establishments is 699,989 (Table I-2).

Table I - 2. The number of establishments by status of an establishment

	Total (Continued/ newly grasped)	Continued establishments	Percentage of total (%)	Newly grasped establishments	Percentage of total (%)	Temporarily closed establishments	Closed establishments
Whole of Japan	6,398,912	5,211,394	81.4	1,187,518	18.6	117,514	699,989

II. Tabulation of Establishments

1. Number of establishments by prefectures

By prefectures, Tokyo represents the largest number of establishments at 913,912 (14.3% of the nationwide total), followed by Osaka representing 513,797 establishments (8.0%), Kanagawa representing 369,446 establishments (5.8%).

Compared with the 2016 Economic Census for Business Activity (hereafter called "2016 Census"), the number of establishments increased in every prefecture. In terms of the increase rate, Tokyo represents the largest increase rate at 33.3%, followed by Osaka at 21.6%, Kanagawa at 20.2% (Table II-1).

Table II - 1. The number of establishments by prefectures

	2019 C	2016 Census		
Prefectures	Number of establishments	Percentage of Japan's total (%)	Change (%)	Number of establishments
Whole of Japan	6,398,912	100.0	14.7	5,578,975
Hokkaido	259,247	4.1	11.2	233,168
Aomori	62,373	1.0	5.6	59,069
Iwate	61,696	1.0	3.8	59,451
Miyagi	111,185	1.7	9.0	102,026
Akita	51,473	0.8	4.1	49,432
Yamagata	58,836	0.9	4.0	56,551
Fukushima	94,820	1.5	7.6	88,128
Ibaraki	128,847	2.0	9.2	
Tochigi	93,113	1.5	5.4	
Gumma	100,536	1.6	9.3	92,006
Saitama	284,566	4.4	13.4	250,834
Chiba	230,763	3.6	17.4	196,579
Tokyo	913,912	14.3	33.3	685,615
Kanagawa	369,446	5.8	20.2	307,269
Niigata	119,194	1.9	3.7	114,895
Toyama	56,293	0.9	6.9	52,660
Ishikawa	65,403	1.0	6.7	61,301
Fukui	45,339	0.7	6.8	
Yamanashi	47,448	0.7	9.9	
Nagano	115,016	1.8	6.6	107,916
Gifu	106,091	1.7	5.7	100,331
Shizuoka	189,862	3.0	8.6	-
Aichi	363,784	5.7	12.7	322,820
Mie	84,623	1.3	6.6	
Shiga	63,832	1.0	12.7	56,655
Kyoto	138,744	2.2	16.9	118,716
Osaka	513,797	8.0	21.6	·
Нуодо	253,169	4.0	13.9	222,343
Nara	55,545	0.9	15.2	48,235
Wakay ama	54,434	0.9	12.9	48,218
Tottori	27,736	0.4	4.9	26,446
Shimane	36,909	0.6	4.0	35,476
Okayama	94,081	1.5	12.8	
Hiroshima	145,400	2.3	10.9	131,074
Yamaguchi	67,529	1.1	7.6	
Tokushima	40,356	0.6	9.0	/
Kagawa	52,433	0.8	9.5	47,893
Ehime	70,499	1.1	8.1	
Kochi	38,441	0.6	6.1	
Fukuoka	260,232	4.1	16.7	
Saga	40,291	0.6	5.7	
Nagasaki	67,725	1.1	7.2	
Kumamoto	85,857	1.3	15.9	
Oita	60,356	0.9	10.9	
Miyazaki	56,226	0.9	6.8	
Kagoshima	82,796	1.3	7.2	
Okinawa	78,658	1.3	16.3	
Okinawa	78,658	1.2	16.3	67,648

2. Status of an establishment of establishments

In terms of the number of establishments by status of an establishment by prefectures, Tokyo represents the largest number of continued establishments at 639,398, followed by Osaka representing 385,986 establishments, Aichi representing 299,350 establishments. Tokyo represents the largest number of newly grasped establishments at 274,514, followed by Osaka representing 127,811 establishments, Kanagawa representing 80,686 establishments. Among the prefectures, Niigata represents the largest proportion of the number of continued establishments to the "total number" at 90.4%. Then, followed by Yamagata at 89.8%, Akita at 89.7%. On the other hand, among the prefectures, Tokyo represents the largest proportion of the number of newly grasped establishments to the "total number" at 30.0%. Then, followed by Osaka at 24.9%, Kanagawa at 21.8%.

Tokyo represents the largest number of temporarily closed establishments at 16,485, followed by Osaka representing 9,427 establishments, Kanagawa representing 7,231 establishments.

Tokyo represents the largest number of closed establishments at 118,048 followed by Osaka representing 67,517 establishments, Aichi representing 41,474 establishments (Table II - 2).

Table II - 2. The number of establishments by status of an establishment by prefectures

	Total			ļ		Temporarily	GI 1
Prefectures	(Continued/	Continued	Percentage of	Newly grasped	Percentage of	closed	Closed establishments
	newly grasped)	establishments	total (%)	establishments	total (%)	establishments	estao asiments
Whole of Japan	6,398,912	5,211,394	81.4	1,187,518	18.6	117,514	699,989
Hokkaido	259,247	216,154	83.4	43,093	16.6	4,992	29,285
Aomori	62,373	54,663	87.6	7,710	12.4	1,172	6,550
Iwate	61,696	54,885	89.0	6,811	11.0	1,188	6,415
Miyagi	111,185	92,824	83.5	18,361	16.5	1,861	14,292
Akita	51,473	46,157	89.7	5,316	10.3	796	4,750
Yamagata	58,836	52,841	89.8	5,995	10.2	814	5,309
Fukushima	94,820	82,817	87.3	12,003	12.7	2,635	8,591
Ibaraki	128,847	111,679	86.7	17,168	13.3	2,223	11,943
Tochigi	93,113	82,456	88.6	10,657	11.4	1,752	9,619
Gumma	100,536	87,129	86.7	13,407	13.3	1,996	9,018
Saitama	284,566	235,315	82.7	49,251	17.3	5,917	30,061
Chiba	230,763	187,637	81.3	43,126	18.7	5,394	23,012
Tokyo	913,912	639,398	70.0	274,514	30.0	16,485	118,048
Kanagawa	369,446	288,760	78.2	80,686	21.8	7,231	39,054
Niigata	119,194	107,733	90.4	11,461	9.6	1,436	10,481
Toyama	56,293	49,394	87.7	6,899	12.3	1,061	5,163
Ishikawa	65,403	57,164	87.4	8,239	12.6	1,121	6,468
Fukui	45,339	39,740	87.7	5,599	12.3	685	4,207
Yamanashi	47,448	40,857	86.1	6,591	13.9	1,000	4,136
Nagano	115,016	101,984	88.7	13,032	11.3	2,231	9,908
Gifu	106,091	93,871	88.5	12,220	11.5	1,804	10,241
Shizuoka	189,862	163,908	86.3	25,954	13.7	2,843	19,009
Aichi	363,784	299,350	82.3	64,434	17.7	4,848	41,474
Mie	84,623	74,535	88.1	10,088	11.9	1,294	8,452
Shiga	63,832	54,390	85.2	9,442	14.8	1,277	5,233
Kyoto	138,744	111,511	80.4	27,233	19.6	2,269	14,312
Osaka	513,797	385,986	75.1	127,811	24.9	9,427	67,517
Hyogo	253,169	207,687	82.0	,		4,789	28,362
Nara	55,545	45,608	82.1	9,937	17.9	1,522	5,326
Wakayama	54,434	45,255	83.1	9,179	16.9	1,129	4,707
Tottori	27,736	24,310		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		466	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Shimane	36,909	32,809				619	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Okayama	94,081	78,401	83.3	-		1,704	9,373
Hiroshima	145,400	121,590		*	16.4		15,711
Yamaguchi	67,529	58,962	87.3		12.7	973	6,204
Tokushima	40,356	34,039					
Kagawa	52,433						
Ehime	70,499	60,878				· ·	
Kochi	38,441	33,678					
Fukuoka	260,232	209,031	80.3				
Saga	40,291	35,881		-			
Nagasaki	67,725	58,675					
Kumamoto	85,857	71,370					
Oita	60,356	52,069					
Miyazaki	56,226	48,787	86.8			1,158	
Kagoshima	82,796	71,839					
Okinawa	78,658	62,677	79.7	15,981	20.3	1,113	10,883

3. Newly grasped establishments

In terms of the newly grasped establishments, the industrial classification, the number of persons engaged, etc. were surveyed in the 2019 Census Questionnaire A and the results are described in this section.

(1) Number of establishments by industrial classification

In terms of the number of the newly grasped establishments by industrial division, "Wholesale and Retail Trade" represents the largest number of establishments at 93,243 (17.3% of all industries), followed by "Real Estate and Goods Rental and Leasing" representing 72,818 establishments (13.5%), "Services, n.e.c." representing 58,884 establishments (10.9%) (Table II - 3, Figure II - 1).

(2) Number of persons engaged by industrial classification

In terms of the number of persons engaged in newly grasped establishments by industrial division, "Wholesale and Retail Trade" represents the largest proportion at 875,456 persons (16.8% of all industries), followed by "Services, n.e.c." at 791,830 (15.2%), "Medical, Health Care and Welfare" at 593,670 (11.4%) (Table II - 3, Figure II - 2).

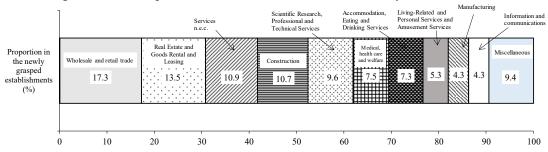
Table II - 3. Number of establishments and number of persons engaged by industrial division

Industrial divisions	Number of establishments	Proportion of the total (%)	Number of persons engaged (persons)	Proportion of the total (%)
Total	538,900	100.0	5,196,142	100.0
Agriculture, forestry and fisheries (excluding individual proprietors)	8,456	1.6	94,381	1.8
Mining and quarrying of stone and gravel	154	0.0	1,495	0.0
Construction	57,554	10.7	442,057	8.5
Manufacturing	23,333	4.3	374,395	7.2
Electricity, gas, heat supply and water	3,218	0.6	11,825	0.2
Information and communications	23,039	4.3	333,781	6.4
Transport and postal services	11,824	2.2	262,673	5.1
Wholesale and retail trade	93,243	17.3	875,456	16.8
Finance and insurance	9,020	1.7	100,913	1.9
Real estate and goods rental and leasing	72,818	13.5	265,490	5.1
Scientific research, professional and technical services	51,495	9.6	288,496	5.6
Accommodation, eating and drinking services	39,146	7.3	412,277	7.9
Living-related and personal services and amusement services	28,567	5.3	204,746	3.9
Education, learning support	17,310	3.2	131,827	2.5
Medical, health care and welfare	40,338	7.5	593,670	11.4
Compound services	501	0.1	10,830	0.2
Services, n.e.c.	58,884	10.9	791,830	15.2

Note 1) Tabulation of newly grasped establishments

Note 2) Tallied based on the establishments for which values of the necessary items were obtained.

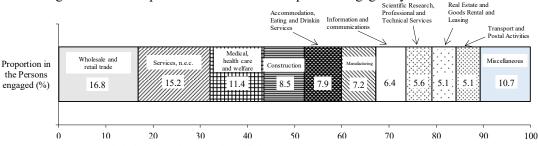
Figure II - 1. Proportions of the number of establishments by industrial division



Note 1) Tabulation of newly grasped establishments

Note 2) Tallied based on the establishments for which values of the necessary items were obtained.

Figure II - 2. Proportions of the number of persons engaged by industrial division



Note 1) Tabulation of newly grasped establishments

Note 2) Tallied based on the establishments for which values of the necessary items were obtained.

(3) Number of establishments by sizes of persons engaged

In terms of the number of newly grasped establishments by sizes of persons engaged, "1 to 4 persons" represents the largest number at 326,266 establishments (60.5% of all establishments), followed by "5 to 9 persons" at 100,081 establishments (18.6%), "10 to 19 persons" at 58,980 establishments (10.9%) (Table II - 4).

Table II - 4. Number of establishments and number of persons engaged by sizes of persons engaged

Size of persons engaged	Number of establishments	Proportion of the total (%)	Number of persons engaged (persons)	Proportion of the total (%)
Total	538,900	100.0	5,196,142	100.0
1 to 4 persons	326,266	60.5	670,270	12.9
5 to 9 persons	100,081	18.6	656,025	12.6
10 to 19 persons	58,980	10.9	790,592	15.2
20 to 29 persons	19,609	3.6	464,986	8.9
30 to 49 persons	14,344	2.7	539,507	10.4
50 to 99 persons	8,453	1.6	576,491	11.1
100 to 199 persons	3,443	0.6	470,651	9.1
200 to 299 persons	970	0.2	233,827	4.5
300 persons and over	1,233	0.2	793,793	15.3
Loaned or dispatched employees only	5,521	1.0	-	-

Note 1) Tabulation of newly grasped establishments

Note 2) Tallied based on the establishments for which values of the necessary items were obtained.

III. Tabulation of Enterprises, etc.

Newly grasped enterprises, etc.

In terms of the newly grasped enterprises, etc., the industrial classification of enterprises, the amount of sales (income), etc. were surveyed in the 2019 Census Questionnaire A and the results are described in this section.

(1) Number of enterprises, etc. by industrial classification of enterprises

In terms of the number of the newly grasped enterprises, etc. by industrial division of enterprises, "Real Estate and Goods Rental and Leasing" represents the largest number of enterprises, etc. at 69,343 enterprises (15.4% of all industries), followed by "Wholesale and Retail Trade" representing 65,076 enterprises (14.5%), "Construction" representing 52,732 enterprises (11.7%) (Table III - 1, Figure III - 1).

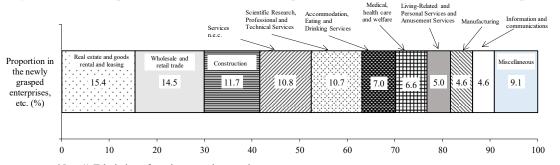
Table III - 1. Number of enterprises, etc. by industrial division of enterprises

1		1	
Industrial divisions of enterprises	Number of enterprises, etc.	D	
		Proportion of the total (%)	
Total	449,523	100.0	
Agriculture, forestry and fisheries	8,172	1.8	
(excluding individual proprietors)	0,172	1.0	
Mining and quarrying of stone and gravel	149	0.0	
Construction	52,732	11.7	
Manufacturing	20,816	4.6	
Electricity, gas, heat supply and water	3,070	0.7	
Information and communications	20,744	4.6	
Transport and postal services	9,385	2.1	
Wholesale and retail trade	65,076	14.5	
Finance and insurance	6,671	1.5	
Real estate and goods rental and leasing	69,343	15.4	
Scientific research, professional and technical services	48,007	10.7	
Accommodation, eating and drinking services	31,257	7.0	
Living-related and personal services and amusement services	22,550	5.0	
Education, learning support	13,244	2.9	
Medical, health care and welfare	29,597	6.6	
Compound services	308	0.1	
Services, n.e.c.	48,402	10.8	

Note 1) Tabulation of newly grasped enterprises, etc.

Note 2) Tallied based on the enterprises, etc. for which values of the necessary items were obtained.

Figure III - 1. Proportions of the number of enterprises, etc. by industrial division of enterprises



Note 1) Tabulation of newly grasped enterprises, etc.

Note 2) Tallied based on the enterprises, etc. for which values of the necessary items were obtained.

(2) Amount of sales (income) by industrial classification of enterprises

In terms of sales (income) amount of newly grasped enterprises, etc. by industrial division of enterprises, "Wholesale and Retail Trade" represents the largest portion at 45.5651 trillion yen (33.4% of all industries), followed by "Manufacturing" at 18.6312 trillion yen (13.7%), "Finance and Insurance" at 12.8476 trillion yen (9.4%) (Table III - 2, Figure III - 2).

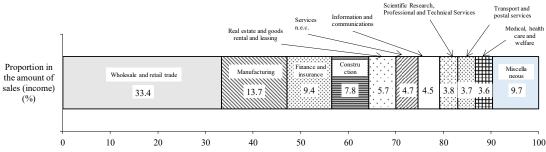
Table III - 2. Number of enterprises, etc. and sales (income) amount by industrial division of enterprises

Industrial divisions of enterprises	Number of enterprises, etc	Amount of sales (income) (million yen)	Proportion of the total (%)
Total	429,270	136,411,572	100.0
Agriculture, forestry and fisheries (excluding individual proprietors)	7,660	661,339	0.5
Mining and quarrying of stone and gravel	140	155,725	0.1
Construction	51,536	10,679,536	7.8
Manufacturing	20,257	18,631,201	13.7
Electricity, gas, heat supply and water	2,931	2,704,153	2.0
Information and communications	20,170	6,111,419	4.5
Transport and postal services	9,125	4,987,354	3.7
Wholesale and retail trade	63,093	45,565,089	33.4
Finance and insurance	6,078	12,847,618	9.4
Real estate and goods rental and leasing	67,015	7,760,071	5.7
Scientific research, professional and technical services	46,343	5,247,911	3.8
Accommodation, eating and drinking services	30,075	2,436,357	1.8
Living-related and personal services and amusement services	21,721	3,167,086	2.3
Education, learning support	12,753	669,425	0.5
Medical, health care and welfare	28,199	4,926,103	3.6
Compound services	281	3,449,043	2.5
Services, n.e.c.	41,893	6,412,143	4.7

Note 1) Tabulation of newly grasped enterprises, etc.

Note 2) Tallied based on the enterprises, etc. for which values of the necessary items were obtained.

Figure III - 2. Proportion of the sales (income) amount by industrial division of enterprises



Note 1) Tabulation of newly grasped enterprises, etc.

Note 2) Tallied based on the enterprises, etc. for which values of the necessary items were obtained.